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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 1-10, without prejudice.

Please add the following claims.

- 5        --11. An organic electroluminescent component for an organic light-emitting diode, said component comprising:  
            a transparent bottom electrode situated on a substrate;  
            a top electrode composed of a metal that is inert to oxygen and moisture;  
            at least one organic function layer arranged between the bottom electrode  
and the top electrode; and  
10        a charge carrier injection layer containing a complex metal salt of the  
composition  $(Me_1)(Me_2)F_{m+n}$ , whereby the following applies:  
            m and n are respectively a whole number corresponding to the valence of  
the metals Me1 and Me2 with the metal Me1 having the valence m, the metal Me2  
having the valence n,  
15        Me1 being a metal selected from a group consisting of Li, Na, K, Mg and  
Ca,  
            Me2 being a metal selected from a group consisting of Mg, Al, Ca, Zn, Ag,  
Sb, Ba, Sm and Yb,  
            with the prescription:  $Me_1 \neq Me_2$ .--  
20        --12. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11,  
wherein the top electrode is composed of a metal selected from a group consisting  
of aluminum, silver, platinum and gold and of an alloy of two of these metals.--

--13. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 12, wherein the charge carrier injection layer is arranged between the top electrode and the uppermost organic function layer.--

--14. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 13, wherein the charge carrier injection layer comprises a thickness between 0.1nm and 20nm.--

--15. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 14, wherein the metal Me1 is lithium and the metal Me2 is selected from magnesium, aluminum, calcium, silver and barium.--

10 --16. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 15, wherein the complex metal salt is a salt selected from LiAlF<sub>4</sub>, LiAgF<sub>2</sub> and LiBaF<sub>3</sub>.--

15 --17. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 16, wherein two organic function layers are arranged between the bottom electrode and the top electrode, wherein an apertured conducting layer is located on the bottom electrode and an emission layer is located on said conducting layer.--

20 --18. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 17, wherein the apertured conducting layer contains a material selected from N,N'-bis-(3-methylphenyl)-N,N'-bis(phenyl)-benzidine; 4,4',4"-tris-(N-1-naphthyl-N-phenylamino)-triphenylamine; and N,N'-bis-phenyl-N,N'-bis- $\alpha$ -naphthyl-benzidine and the emission layer is a hydroxychinoline aluminum-III salt.--

--19. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 18, wherein the bottom electrode is composed of indium tin oxide.--

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N2  
Chw 5  
--20. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 19,  
wherein an electron transport layer is arranged on the at least one organic function  
layer.--

--21. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11,  
wherein the charge carrier injection layer is arranged between the top electrode and  
an uppermost organic function layer.--

--22. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11,  
wherein the charge carrier injection layer comprises a thickness between 0.1nm and  
20nm--

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--23. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11,  
wherein the metal Me1 is lithium and the metal Me2 is selected from magnesium,  
aluminum, calcium, silver and barium.--

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--24. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 23,  
wherein the complex metal salt is selected from LiAlF<sub>4</sub>, LiAgF<sub>2</sub> and LiBaF<sub>3</sub>--

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--25. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11,  
wherein two organic function layers are arranged between the bottom electrode and  
the top electrode, whereby an apertured conducting layer is located on the bottom  
electrode and an emission layer is located on said conducting layer.--

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--26. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 25,  
wherein the apertured conducting layer is a material selected from N,N'-bis-(3-  
methylphenyl)-N,N'-bis(phenyl)-benzidine; 4,4',4"-tris-(N-1-naphthyl-N-

phenylamino)-triphenylamine and N,N'-bis-phenyl-N,N'-bis- $\alpha$ -naphthyl-benzidine and the emission layer is hydroxychinoline aluminum-III salt.--

*WT*  
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--27. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11, wherein the bottom electrode is composed of indium tin oxide.--

--28. An organic electroluminescent component according to claim 11, wherein an electron transport layer is arranged on the at least one organic function layer.--